Appendix B: Stream Repair Investigation Form

PROJECT:			DATE:/_			/		Asses	Assessed by:		
SUBWATERSHED:PHOTO ID (Camera-Pic#):/#									/#		
USA RCH ID:	START LAT	0 0			DNG	<u> </u>	' <u>'</u>	· · ·	LMK	CONCEPT NO:	
	END LAT			$\frac{1}{2}$ Lo						_	
INDEX OF USA FOI	RMS		RAGE R							. 1.	
OT: TR:			OF CONCEP	-					Avg bankfull h	-	
ER: SC:		Length				_ft RT			Avg bottom wid		
IB: CM:		-	ınk Ht						Avg top width		
UT: RCH:		Avg Ba	ink Angle	LT_		° RT	·	o	Avg wetted wid	lthft	
Land ownership Public Private Don't Know Other:											
Available riparian corridor $\Box \leq 25 \text{ ft}$ $\Box 26 - 50 \text{ ft}$ $\Box 51-75 \text{ft}$ $\Box 76-100 \text{ft}$ $\supset 100 \text{ft}$											
CORRIDOR VEGETATION Mature wooded Scrub/shrub Grass or turf Other:											
Degradation severity	fairly sta of bank	Adjusted channel : Grade and width fairly stable, with relatively isolated of bank erosion; and poor instream habitat conditions.			Past downcutting evident, active stream widening, banks actively eroding at a moderate rate.				banks on both s eroding at a fast contributing sig	Active Downcutting: Tall unstable banks on both sides of the stream eroding at a fast rate; erosion contributing significant sediment loads to stream.	
		5		4			3		2	1	
Upstream/Downstream condition		Upstream and downstream reaches assessed as good or fair.			Either upstream or downstream reach assessed as poor with other assessed as fair/good.					Both upstream and downstream reaches assessed as poor.	
		5 4			3				2	1	
Construction access to stream	ownersh stockpile channel	Good: Open area in public ownership, sufficient room to stockpile materials, easy stream channel access for heavy equipment using existing roads or trails.			Fair: Forested or developed area adjacent to stream. Access requires tree removal or impact to landscaped areas. Stockpile areas small or distant from stream.				slope, or other s access stream, I areas and/or loc from stream sec	Difficult: Must cross wetland, steep slope, or other sensitive areas to access stream, Minimal stockpile areas and/or located a great distance from stream section. Specialized heavy equipment required	
		5 4				3			2	1	
Infrastructure constraints		Sewers or other infrastructure are not present in the project reach corridor			Sewers, other utilities or structures are present in the project reach corridor any may constrain project design				infrastructure w project design a	Presence of sewers and other infrastructure will greatly impact project design and may require expensive relocation.	
		5		4	Papair	3	to rest	ore	2 Restoration will	1 l structurally maintain	
Restoration Outcome Potential	vegetate soft stat	Repair expected to restore stable, vegetated streambanks using mostly soft stabilization practices, reconnect floodplain, and significantly improve habitat			Repair expected to restore streambank stability with a mix of rigid and soft streambank stabilization practices, and moderately improve stream habitat conditions				stable streamba predominately l protection pract	nks using hard streambank tices, maintain ent transport regime,	
		5		4	A	3 of older (20 40	V#0)	2	1	
Upstream land use	neighbor Little or	Older (30-40+ yrs), well-established neighborhoods or commercial areas. Little or no new development expected			A mix of older (30-40+ yrs) development and newer (<10-20 yrs) development. Some new development or redevelopment possible					ershed has developed and significant nent is possible	
		5		4	IL+	3		atuafit-	2	1	
Upstream retrofit potent	significa	Upstream retrofits expected to significantly reduce stormwater flows to project reach			Upstream stormwater retrofits expected to produce only marginal reductions in stormwater flows and pollutant loads				d exist, existing h improved	trofit opportunities hydrology will not be	
		5		4	Mode	3	nhinati	on of	2	1	
Scope of planned stream repair	1 planform	Comprehensive: major change in planform, grade, or cross-section of channel, many practices			Moderate : Combination of individual stream repair practices, but only minor changes in channel dimensions				practices to add	a few stream repair lress a problem at a	
		5		4		3			2	1	

PROPOSED STREAM REPAIR PRACTICES
A. Rigid Bank stabilization
B. Soft bank stabilization linear feet
C. Flow deflection # of structures
D. Grade control
E. Habitat structures # of structures
F. Flow diversion # of structures
G. Fish passage # of structures
H. Comprehensive
I. Other:
Planning Level Cost Estimate
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